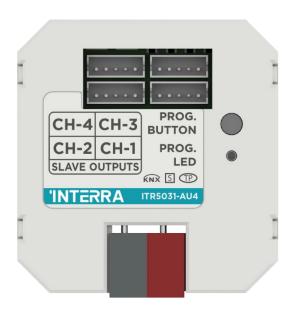


Push Button Interface AU

Product Manual



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E-mail: info@interra.com.tr

Tel: +90 (216) 326 26 40 Fax: +90 (216) 324 25 03

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1. Content of The Document

This document contains Interra ITR5031-AU4 coded Push Button Interface AU devices' electronic and all essential feature information for programming the products. In each subtitle is explained the characteristics of the device. Modifications of the product and special change requests are only allowed in coordination with product management.

This manual provides detailed technical information concerning ITR5031-AU4 Push Button Interface. All the models have the same software functionality so, the features described in this document apply to all versions.

This user manual is intended for use by KNX installers and describes the functions and parameters of the Interra Push Button Interface family devices and how it is possible to change the settings and configurations using the ETS software tool. This document also describes the installation, programming, commissioning and use of the devices with detailed information.

6



2. Product Description

ITR5031-AU4 series Push Button Interface AU device is the newest products of Interra Technology. The Interra Push Button Interface AU are designed for using at mainly in interior areas of buildings.

The Interra Push Button Interface serve as interfaces for operation of KNX systems via conventional buttons/switches or for coupling of binary signals (signal contacts). The devices feature a push button for manual operation for each input. Input states can be simulated during manual operation, so that the conventional push buttons, switches or floating contacts do not need to be connected for commissioning purposes. The connection to the Push Button Interface is established using the front side bus connection terminal.

All versions have a rear connector with 8 digital inputs that can be connected to buttons and used for switch sensor, switch/dimming sensor, shutter sensor, value/forced operation, control scene, RGB colour control, RGBW control, mode selection and command sequence.

Interra Push Button Interface has 5 logic function blocks and can be set the logical relation AND/OR/XOR. Each block can control 5 output objects.

2.1. Technical Information

The following table shows the technical information of the Binary Input and Push Button Interface AU.

Product Name	Push Button Interface AU
Product Code	ITR5031-AU4
Power Supply	KNX Power Supply
Current Consumption	5 mA
Input Measurament	
Voltage	3.3 V DC
Current	0.45 mA
Output Measurament	
Voltage	3.3 V DC
Current	0.55 mA*
Inputs	4
Mode of Commissioning	S-Mode
Type of Protection	IP 20
Temperature Range	Operation (-5°C45°C)
romporataro riango	Storage (-25°C60°C)
Colour	Light Grey
Dimensions	40 x 10 x 40 mm (W x L x H)
Configuration	Configuration with ETS

^{*:} Value with Clipsal mechs 5031 connected



2.2. Connection Features

The figures below shows the Push Button Interface AU connectors.

• All of the ITR5031-AU4 model has the same connection layout.

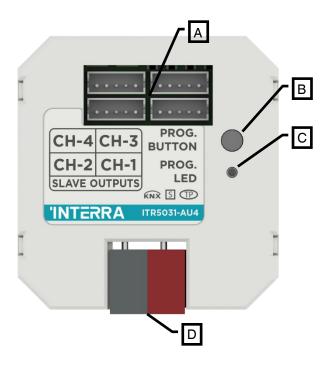


Fig. 1: Connection Features of Push Button Interface

Letter	Feature
А	Input Connector
В	Programming Button
С	Programming LED
D	KNX Connector



2.3. Dimensions

All values given in the device dimensions are millimetres.

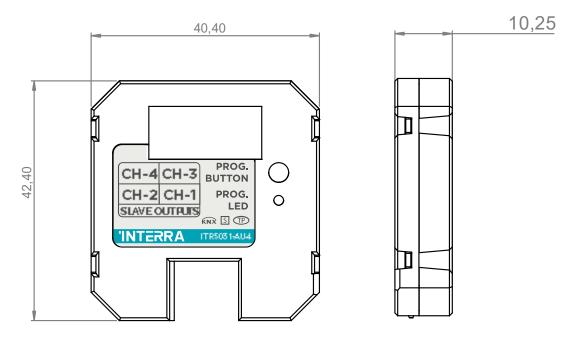


Fig. 2: Dimensions of Push Button Interface



2.4. Functionality

The complete configuration of the device is performed via ETS5 or higher. Depending on ETS configuration and settings, the product feature will be different. Available functions are:

Input Functions

Switch Sensor	 LED Control
---------------	---------------------------------

 Switch / Dimming S 	Sensor	 RGB Colour 	· Control

Shutter Sensor	 RGBW Control
----------------	----------------------------------

- Value / Forced Operation
 Mode Selection
- Control Scene Command Sequence

Logic Functions

Internal Inputs (max. 4)

External Inputs

- Binary Value (adj. size) (max. 3 selectable)
- Movement
- Temperature
- Brightness

Output Types (max. 4 selectable)

- Switch
- Dim
- Shutter
- Alarm
- Percentage
- Sequence
- Scene Number
- String
- Threshold

Most functions only need one input, and therefore each input might be assigned a different function. However, there are also some functions that can also use two inputs, such as "Dimming with 2 buttons" and "Shutter/Blinds with 2 buttons".



3. ETS Parameters & Descriptions

In this chapter, the ETS parameters of ITR5031-AU4 Push Button Interface AU device is described using the parameter pages and options. The parameter pages features are dynamic structures which mean further parameters and parameter pages are enabled depending on the configuration.

In the ETS parameter configuration pages, each of the parameters has got a default parameter value. These default values are written in bold.

• E.g.: Enable in operation •no yes



3.1. General Page

When the ITR5031-AU4 Push Button Interface ETS configuration file is attached to the project from the ETS software, a configuration setting must be made primarily before loading. When entering the "GENERAL" in the parameter page, the configuration screen will be appeared shown below. General settings for the devices are made in this window.



Fig. 3: General Page





3.1.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Delay time after voltage return	This parameter is used to determine the delay time after voltage return in seconds. When in a delayed state, the Psuh Button Interface does not send any KNX telegrams. Incoming telegrams are received and updated in the background. The updated values are only executed when the wait state ends and then sent according to the parametrization.	2 60
Enable in operation	This parameter is used to determine the existence of the Push Button Interface on the KNX bus line. The cyclic telegram can be monitored by an external KNX device. If a telegram is not received, the device may be defective or the KNX cable to the transmitting device may be interrupted. Yes: The group object is enabled. No: The group object is not enabled.	No yes
-> In operation send ^{*1}	This parameter is used to determine the send value of the "General - In operation" group object on the KNX bus line.	Alive value 0 Alive value 1
-> In operation send interval (min)*1	This parameter is used to set the cyclically sending time interval value of the "General - In operation" group object.	1 5 255

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Enable in operation" is set to "Yes".



3.2. Channels

Push Button Interface has 4 Channels. By connecting buttons to channels, you can choose the lighting, curtains/blinds, RGB LEDs, dim devices etc. you want to control. Additionally, each channel can control an LED. You can control the devices by making the necessary configurations via the Push Button Interface.



Fig. 4: Channel X Page



3.2.1. Channel - Switch Sensor

In this section, it is explained how to control the related automation unit via the Push Button Interface by switching via buttons connected to digital inputs. Detailed information on the relevant parameter configurations is described in the table below.

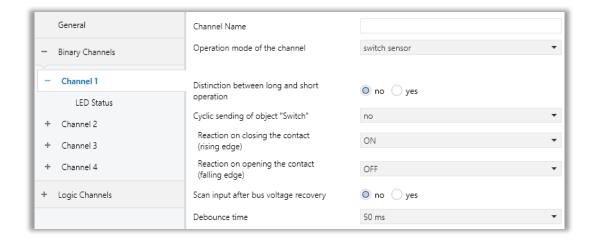


Fig. 5: Channel - Switch Sensor Page



3.2.1.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Channel Name	This parameter is used to type a Channel Name. The name can consist of up to 40 characters.	40 bytes allowed
Operation Mode of the channel	This parameter is used to determine the input x operation mode. If no function is selected, the input x will not be used. For other choices, all functionalities are configured separately.	No function Switch sensor Switch/dimming sensor Shutter sensor Value/forced operation Control scene RGB colour control Mode selection Command sequence Counter RGBW control
Distinction between short and long operation	This parameter is used to set if the input differentiates between short and long operations. With the option "yes", after opening/closing of the contact, it must, first of all, be ascertained if a short or long operation has occurred here. Only thereafter will a possible reaction be triggered.	No Yes
-> Cyclic sending of object "Switch" ¹¹	This parameter is visible if there is no distinction between short and long operations. The communication object "Switch" can be sent cyclically. If the parameter "always" is set, the object sends cyclically on the bus, regardless of its value. Should the parameter value "if telegram switch = ON" or "if telegram switch = OFF" be set, the corresponding object value is sent cyclically.	No If "Switch" = OFF If "Switch" = ON always
-> Reaction on closing the contact (rising edge) ^{*1}	This parameter is visible if there is no distinction between short and long operations. For each edge, you can set if the object value is to be switched ON, OFF or TOGGLE, or if no reaction should occur. If cyclical sending has been parameterized, it is possible by setting the parameter value "terminate cyclic sending" with an operation of the input, to stop cyclic sending without a new object value being sent.	No reaction ON OFF TOGGLE
-> Reaction on opening the contact (Falling edge)*1	This parameter is visible if there is no distinction between short and long operations. For each edge,	No reaction ON

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	you can set if the object value is to be switched ON, OFF or TOGGLE, or if no reaction should occur. If cyclical sending has been parameterized, it is possible by setting the parameter value "terminate cyclic sending" with an operation of the input, to stop cyclic sending without a new object value being sent.	OFF TOGGLE
-> Scan input after bus voltage recovery*1	This parameter is used to determine the scanning of the inputs when the bus voltage has been recovered.	No Yes
-> Connected contact type ⁻²	This parameter is used to specify the contact type that is connected to the input x.	Normally closed Normally open
-> Reaction on short operation ⁻²	This parameter is visible if there is a distinction between short and long operations. It is used to determine the short press operation sending the value of the input x.	No reaction ON OFF TOGGLE
-> Reaction on long operation ⁻²	This parameter is visible if there is a distinction between short and long operations. It is used to determine the long-press operation sending the value of the input x.	No reaction ON OFF TOGGLE
-> Long operation after*2	This parameter is used to determine long operation detection after the button press operation. For making a long operation, the button should be pressed at least the configured value.	00:00.005 00:00.500 01:05.535
-> Telegram is repeated every ²	This parameter is visible if the cyclical transmission is active. The send cycle time describes the time used between two cyclically transmitted telegrams	00:00:005 00:00:500 01:05:535
-> Number of object for short/long operation ²	This parameter is used to determine the object count to use for short and long operations. 1 object: short and long operations will proceed with the same object. 2 object: Short and long operations will proceed with 2 different objects.	1 object 2 object
Debounce time	This parameter is used to determine the debounce time. Debouncing prevents unwanted multiple operations of the input, e.g., due to bouncing of the contact.	10 ms 20 ms 30 ms 40 ms 50 ms

TO ms 100 ms 150 ms

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Distinction between long and short operation" is set to "No".

^{*2} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Distinction between long and short operation" is set to "Yes".

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3.2.2. Channel - Switch / Dimming Sensor

In this section, it is explained how to control the unit of lighting unit through the Push Button Interface, both by switching and dimming, via the buttons connected to the digital inputs. Detailed information on the relevant parameter configurations is described in the table below. Make sure that the lighting unit to be controlled has a dimming feature.

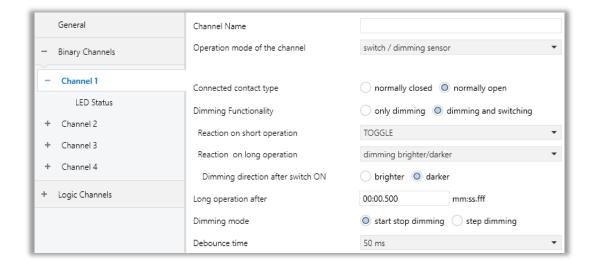


Fig. 6: Channel - Switch / Dimming Sensor Page



3.2.2.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Channel Name	This parameter is used to type a Channel Name. The name can be consisting of 40 characters.	40 bytes allowed
Operation Mode of the channel	This parameter is used to determine the input x operation mode. If no function is selected, the input x will not be used. For other choices, all functionalities are configured separately.	No function Switch sensor Switch/dimming sensor Shutter sensor Value/forced operation Control scene RGB colour control Mode selection Command sequence Counter RGBW control
Connected contact type	This parameter is used to specify the contact type that is connected to the input x.	Normally closed Normally open
Dimming functionality	This parameter is used to define if the lighting can only be dimmed "Only dimming" or if additional switching is also permitted "Dimming and switching". In this case, a long button press dims and a short button push switch.	Only dimming Dimming and switching
-> Reaction on operation*1	A distinction is not made between short and long operations here. It is used to determine the press operation sending the value of the input x.	Dimming brighter Dimming darker Dimming brighter/darker
-> Reaction on short operation ²	This parameter is visible if there is a distinction between short and long operations. It is used to determine the short press operation sending the value of the input x.	No reaction ON OFF TOGGLE
-> Reaction on long operation ²	This parameter is visible if there is a distinction between short and long operations. It is used to determine the long-press operation sending the value of the input x.	Dimming brighter Dimming darker Dimming brighter/darker
-> Dimming direction after switch ON*3	This parameter is used to determine the dimming direction when the switch object is ON on long operation.	Brighter Darker

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-> Long operation after*2	This parameter is used to determine long operation detection after the button press operation. For making a long operation, the button should be pressed at least the configured value.	00:00.005 00:00.500 01:05.535
Dimming mode	This parameter is used to determine the dimming mode. Normal "Start-stop-dimming" starts the dimming process with a telegram BRIGHTER or DARKER and ends the dimming process with a STOP telegram. Cyclic sending of the telegram is not necessary in this case. With "Dimming steps", the dimming telegram is sent cyclically during a long operation. The STOP telegram ends the dimming process at the end of the operation.	Start-stop dimming Step Dimming
-> Brightness change on every sent telegram*4	This parameter is only visible with "Dimming steps". This parameter is set to change the brightness (in per cent), which is cyclically sent with every dimming telegram.	%100 %50 %25 %12.5 %6.25 %3.125 %1.563
-> Sending cycle time: Telegram is repeated every ^{*4}	This parameter is used to determine the sending cycle time. The dimming telegram is sent cyclically during a long operation if "Dimming steps" is set. The cycle time for sending corresponds with the time interval between two telegrams during cyclical sending.	0.3s, 0.4s, 0.5s , 0.6s, 0.8s, 1s, 1.2s, 1.5s, 2s, 3s, 4s, 5s, 6s, 7s, 8s, 9s, 10s,
Debounce time	This parameter is used to determine the debounce time. Debouncing prevents unwanted multiple operations of the input, e.g., due to bouncing of the contact.	10 ms 20 ms 30 ms 40 ms 50 ms 70 ms 100 ms

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Dimming Functionality" is set to "Only dimming".

^{*2} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Dimming Functionality" is set to "Dimming and switching".

^{*3} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Reaction on long operation" is set to "Dimming brighter / darker".

^{*4} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Dimming mode" is set to "Step dimming".

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3.2.3. Channel - Shutter Sensor

In this section, it is explained how to control a shutter/blind unit via the buttons connected to the digital inputs via the Push Button Interface. Detailed information on the relevant parameter configurations is described in the table below.

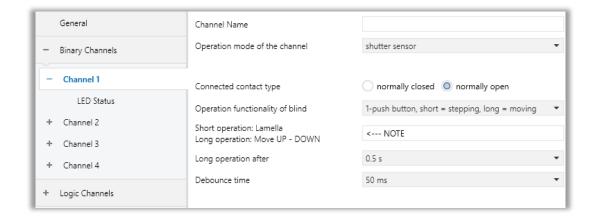


Fig. 7: Channel - Shutter Sensor Page





3.2.3.1. Parameters List

J.Z.O. 1.1 didilieters List		
PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Channel Name	This parameter is used to type a Channel Name. The name can be consisting of 40 characters.	40 bytes allowed
Operation Mode of the channel	This parameter is used to determine the input x operation mode. If no function is selected, the input x will not be used. For other choices, all functionalities are configured separately.	No function Switch sensor Switch/dimming sensor Shutter sensor Value/forced operation Control scene RGB colour control Mode selection Command sequence Counter RGBW control
Connected contact type	This parameter is used to specify the contact type that is connected to the input x.	Normally closed Normally open
Operation Functionality of blind 1-push button, short = ste	This parameter is used to determine long operation detection after the button press operation. For making a long operation, the button should be pressed at least the configured value.	1-push button, short = stepping, long = moving 1-push button, short = moving, long = stepping 1-push button - operation 1-switch button operation 2-push button operation, standard 2-switch operation, moving 2-push button operation, moving 2-push button operation, moving 2-push button operation, stepping
Short Operation: Lamella	NOTE	NOTE
Long Operation: Move UP - DOWN		
Long operation after	This parameter is used to determine long operation detection after the button press operation. For	0.3s, 0.4s, 0.5s , 0.6s, 0.8s, 1s, 1.2s, 1.5s, 2s,

Reaction

operation

on

long

value of the input x.

INTERRA Product Manual making a long operation, the button should be 3s, 4s, 5s, 6s, 7s, 8s, 9s, 10s, pressed at least the configured value. 1-push button, short = moving, long = stepping **Short Operation: Move** NOTE NOTE **UP - DOWN Long Operation: Lamella** Long operation after This parameter is used to determine long operation 0.3s, 0.4s, **0.5s**, 0.6s, detection after the button press operation. For 0.8s, 1s, 1.2s, 1.5s, 2s, making a long operation, the button should be 3s, 4s, 5s, 6s, 7s, 8s, pressed at least the configured value. 9s, 10s, "STOP/Lamella adj." is This parameter is used to determine the time 0.3s, **0.4s**, 0.5s, 0.6s, between two telegrams is set. This parameter is repeated every 0.8s, 1s, 1.2s, 1.5s, 2s, visible in operations in which the object 3s, 4s, 5s, 6s, 7s, 8s, "STOP/lamella adjustment" is sent cyclically on the 9s, 10s, bus during a long operation. 1-push button operation NOTE On every operation in NOTE succession: UP - STOP - DOWN -STOP 1-switch button operation On operation: NOTE NOTE UP **DOWN End of operation: STOP** 2-push button operation, standard NOTE Short operation: STOP -NOTE Lamella UP / DOWN Long operation: Move UP / DOWN This parameter is visible if there is a distinction Reaction short Stop / lamella up on operation between short and long operations. It is used to Stop / lamella down determine the short press operation sending the value of the input x.

This parameter is visible if there is a distinction

between short and long operations. It is used to

determine the long-press operation sending the

Move up

Move down

50 ms 70 ms 100 ms 150 ms

'INTERRA **Product Manual** Long operation after This parameter is used to determine long operation 0.3s, 0.4s, **0.5s**, 0.6s, detection after the button press operation. For 0.8s, 1s, 1.2s, 1.5s, 2s, making a long operation, the button should be 3s, 4s, 5s, 6s, 7s, 8s, pressed at least the configured value. 9s, 10s, 2-switch operation, moving On operation: Moving NOTE NOTE **UP/DOWN End of Operation: STOP** This parameter is used to determine the reaction Reaction on operation Move up when an operation occurs. A distinction is not made Move down between short and long operations here. 2-push button operation, moving NOTE On Operation: Moving NOTE **UP/DOWN - STOP** This parameter is used to determine the reaction Move up Reaction on operation when an operation occurs. A distinction is not made Move down between short and long operations here. 2-push-button operation, stepping On operation: Stepping NOTE NOTE Reaction on operation This parameter is used to determine the reaction Stop / Lamella up when an operation occurs. A distinction is not made Stop / Lamella down between short and long operations here. "STOP/Lamella adj." is This parameter is used to determine the time 0.3s, **0.4s**, 0.5s, 0.6s, repeated every between two telegrams is set. This parameter is 0.8s, 1s, 1.2s, 1.5s, 2s, 3s, 4s, 5s, 6s, 7s, 8s, visible in operations in which the "STOP/lamella adjustment" is sent cyclically on the 9s, 10s, bus during a long operation. **Debounce time** This parameter is used to determine the debounce 10 ms time. Debouncing prevents unwanted multiple 20 ms operations of the input, e.g. due to bouncing of the 30 ms contact. 40 ms



3.2.3.2. The Functionality of Each Function

1 push button: Short Press = stepping, Long Press = moving			
•	2		
Short Operation	Stop/ Lamella Adjustment		
Long Operation	Toggle between "Move Up" and "Move Down"		
1 push button: Short	1 push button: Short Press = moving, Long Press = stepping		
Short Operation	Toggle between "Move Up" and "Move Down"		
Long Operation	Stop/Lamella Adjustment (Sent Cyclically as the button is kept pressed)		
1 push button operati	ion: Press: moving, Long Press Disabled		
On Operation	Following signals are sent in order on each press.		
	→ Move UP → Stop/Lamella Adj. Up → Move Down → Stop/Lamella Adj. Down →		
1 switch Operation: N	Moving, Long Press Disabled		
Press Operation	Toggle between "Move Up" and "Move Down"		
Release Operation	Stop/Lamella Adjustment		
2 Push Button Opera	2 Push Button Operation: Standard		
Short Operation	"Stop/Lamella Adj. Down" or Stop/Lamella Adj. Up (Whichever is chosen as the		
	parameter)		
Long Operation	"Move Up" or "Move Down" (Whichever is chosen as the parameter)		
2 Switch Operation: N	Moving, Long Press Disabled		
Press Operation	"Move Up" or "Move Down" (Whichever is chosen as the parameter)		
Release Operation	"Stop/Lamella Adj. Down" or "Stop/Lamella Adj. Up" (Whichever is chosen)		
2 Push Button Opera	tion: Moving, Long Press Disabled		
On Operation	Whichever sequence is selected as the parameter;		
	" → Move Up → Stop/Lamella Adj. Up → "		
	or		
	" → Move Down → Stop/Lamella Adj. Down → "		
2 Push Button Operation: Stepping, Long Press Disabled			
On Operation	Whichever signal is selected as the parameter, is sent cyclically as the button is kept pressed;		
	"Stop/Lamella Adj. Up" or "Stop/Lamella Adj. Down"		

3.2.4. Channel - Value / Forced Operation

In this section, it is explained how to control an automation unit via Push Button Interface via a value/forced via buttons connected to digital inputs. Detailed information on the relevant parameter configurations is described in the table below.

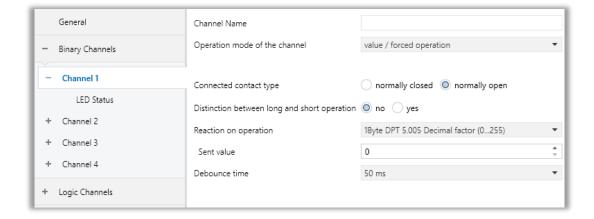


Fig. 8: Channel - Value / Forced Operation Page



3.2.4.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Channel Name	This parameter is used to type a Channel Name. The name can be consisting of 40 characters.	40 bytes allowed
Operation Mode of the channel	This parameter is used to determine the input x operation mode. If no function is selected, the input x will not be used. For other choices, all functionalities are configured separately.	No function Switch sensor Switch/dimming sensor Shutter sensor Value/forced operation Control scene RGB colour control Mode selection Command sequence Counter RGBW control
Connected contact type	This parameter is used to specify the contact type that is connected to the input x.	Normally closed Normally open
Distinction between short and long operation	This parameter is used to set if the input differentiates between short and long operations. With the option "yes", after opening/closing of the contact, it must, first of all, be ascertained if a short or long operation has occurred here. Only thereafter will a possible reaction be triggered.	No Yes
-> Long operation after*1	This parameter is used to determine long operation detection after the button press operation. For making a long operation, the button should be pressed at least the configured value.	00:00.200 00:00.500 01:05.000
Reaction on operation	This parameter is visible if there is a distinction between short and long operations. It is used to determine the short press operation sending the value of the input x.	2-bit DPT 2.001 Switch Control 1-byte DPT 5.001 Percent (0100%) 1-byte DPT 5.005 Decimal factor (0255) 1-byte DPT 17.001 Scene Number 2-byte DPT 7.600 Colour temperature(Kelvin)

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		2-byte DPT 9.001 Temperature (°C) 2-byte DPT 9.004 Brightness (Lux) 3-byte DPT 232.600 RGB value 3x (0255)
Sent value	This parameter is used to determine the sending value to the bus when a short operation occurs.	Values depends on DPT selection.
-> Reaction on long operation'1	This parameter is visible if there is a distinction between short and long operations. It is used to determine the long-press operation sending the value of the input x.	2-bit DPT 2.001 Switch Control 1-byte DPT 5.001 Percent (0100%) 1-byte DPT 5.005 Decimal factor (0255) 1-byte DPT 17.001 Scene Number 2-byte DPT 7.600 Color temperature(Kelvin) 2-byte DPT 9.001 Color temperature (°C) 2-byte DPT 9.004 Brightness (Lux) 3-byte DPT 232.600 RGB value 3x (0255)
-> Sent value ^{'1}	This parameter is used to determine the sending value to the bus when a long operation occurs.	Values depends on DPT selection.
Debounce time	This parameter is used to determine the debounce time. Debouncing prevents unwanted multiple operations of the input, e.g., due to bouncing of the contact.	10 ms 20 ms 30 ms 40 ms 50 ms 70 ms 100 ms

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Distinction between long and short operation" is set to "Yes".

3.2.5. Channel - Control Scene

In this section, it is explained how to control the related automation unit via the Push Button Interface by triggering a scenario via buttons connected to digital inputs. Detailed information on the relevant parameter configurations is described in the table below.

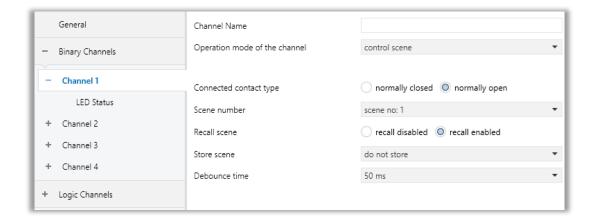


Fig. 9: Channel - Control Scene Page

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3.2.5.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Channel Name	This parameter is used to type a Channel Name. The name can be consisting of 40 characters.	40 bytes allowed
Operation Mode of the channel	This parameter is used to determine the input x operation mode. If no function is selected, the input x will not be used. For other choices, all functionalities are configured separately.	No function Switch sensor Switch/dimming sensor Shutter sensor Value/forced operation Control scene RGB colour control Mode selection Command sequence Counter RGBW control
Connected contact type	This parameter is used to specify the contact type that is connected to the input x.	Normally closed Normally open
Scene Number	This parameter is used to configure the scene number to send to the KNX when a short press operation occurs.	Scene no.164
Recall scene	This parameter is used to determine the recalling of the scene. If this parameter is selected as "recall enabled" the configured scene number will be called.	Recalled enabled
Store Scene	This parameter is used to determine to store or not to store the related scene. On long operation: The scene will be stored after a long operation. With "Store scene" obj. value = 1: The scene will be stored on operation if the Store scene object value is 1. On long operation ("Store scene" obj. value = 1): The scene will be stored on long operation if the Store scene object is 1.	Do not store On long operation With "Store scene" obj value = 1 On long operation ("Store scene" obj value = 1)
-> Long operation after ^{*1}	This parameter is used to determine long operation detection after the button press operation. For making a long operation, the button should be pressed at least the configured value.	00:00.005 00:00.500 01:05.535



Debounce time	This parameter is used to determine the debounce time. Debouncing prevents unwanted multiple operations of the input, e.g., due to bouncing of the contact.	10 ms 20 ms 30 ms 40 ms 50 ms 70 ms 100 ms 150 ms

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Store scene" is set to "On long operation" or "On long" or "On long

3.2.6. Channel - RGB Colour Control

In this section, it is explained how to control an RGB LED device through the buttons connected to the digital inputs via the Push Button Interface. Detailed information on the relevant parameter configurations is described in the table below.

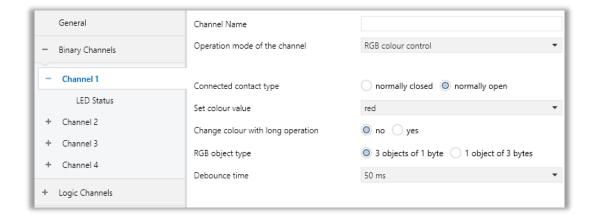


Fig. 10: Channel - RGB Colour Control Page

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3.2.6.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Channel Name	This parameter is used to type a Channel Name. The name can be consisting of 40 characters.	40 bytes allowed
Operation Mode of the channel	This parameter is used to determine the input x operation mode. If no function is selected, the input x will not be used. For other choices, all functionalities are configured separately.	No function Switch sensor Switch/dimming sensor Shutter sensor Value/forced operation Control scene RGB colour control Mode selection Command sequence Counter RGBW control
Connected contact type	This parameter is used to specify the contact type that is connected to the Push Button Interface input x.	Normally closed Normally open
Set colour value	This parameter is used to set RGB colours according to the configured values.	Red Orange Yellow Green-yellow Green Green-cyan Cyan Blue-cyan Blue-magenta Red-magenta white
Change colour with long operation	This parameter is used to enable or disable the colour changing with long press operation.	No Yes
-> Long operation after ^{*1}	This parameter is used to determine long operation detection after the button press operation. For making a long operation, the button should be pressed at least the configured value.	00:00.005 00:00.500 01:05.535
RGB object type	This parameter is used to determine the RGB colour object type.	3 objects of 1 byte 1 object of 3 bytes

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Debounce time	This parameter is used to determine the debounce time. Debouncing prevents unwanted multiple operations of the input, e.g., due to bouncing of the contact.	10 ms 20 ms 30 ms 40 ms 50 ms 70 ms 100 ms
		100 ms 150 ms

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Change colour with long operation" is set to "Yes".



3.2.7. Channel - Mode Selection

In this section, it is explained how to control the operating modes of an HVAC unit via the buttons connected to the digital inputs via the Push Button Interface. Detailed information on the relevant parameter configurations is described in the table below.

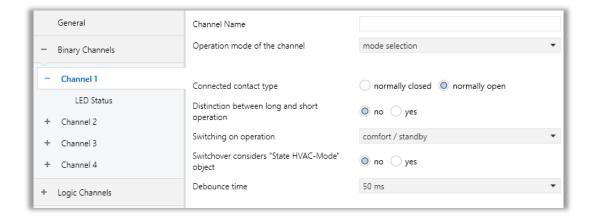


Fig. 11: Channel - Mode Selection Page



3.5.7.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Channel Name	This parameter is used to type a Channel Name. The name can be consisting of 40 characters.	40 bytes allowed
Operation Mode of the channel	This parameter is used to determine the input x operation mode. If no function is selected, the input x will not be used. For other choices, all functionalities are configured separately.	No function Switch sensor Switch/dimming sensor Shutter sensor Value/forced operation Control scene RGB colour control Mode selection Command sequence Counter RGBW control
Connected contact type	This parameter is used to specify the contact type that is connected to the input x.	Normally closed Normally open
Distinction between short and long operation	This parameter is used to set if the input differentiates between short and long operations. With the option "yes", after opening/closing of the contact, it must, first of all, be ascertained if a short or long operation has occurred here. Only thereafter will a possible reaction be triggered.	No Yes
-> Switching on operation ^{'1}	This parameter is used to determine the press operation sending the value of the input x.	Comfort / standby Comfort / economy Comfort / standby / economy Comfort / standby / economy / frost
-> Switching on short operation* ²	This parameter is visible if there is a distinction between short and long operations. It is used to determine the short press operation sending the value of the input x.	Comfort / standby Comfort / economy Comfort / standby / economy Comfort / standby / economy / frost
-> Reaction on long operation ⁻²	This parameter is used to determine the long-press operation sending the value of the input x.	Comfort / standby Comfort / economy Comfort / standby / economy

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		Comfort / standby / economy / frost
-> Long operation after 2	This parameter is used to determine long operation detection after the button press operation. For making a long operation, the button should be pressed at least the configured value.	00:00.005 00:00.500 01:05.535
Switchover considers "State HVAC-Mode" object	This parameter is used to enable the HVAC-Mode state object to change the current HVAC mode via KNX.	No Yes
Debounce time	This parameter is used to determine the debounce time. Debouncing prevents unwanted multiple operations of the input, e.g., due to bouncing of the contact.	10 ms 20 ms 30 ms 40 ms 50 ms 70 ms 100 ms

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Distinction between long and short operation" is set to "No".

^{*2} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Distinction between long and short operation" is set to "Yes".

3.2.8. Channel - Command Sequence

In this section, it is explained how the command sequence function works. Up to 4 commands are attainable with either 1 bit, 1 byte (percentage) or 1 byte (0..255) objects. Each press event toggles through the used commands (Object A, B, C, D) via the assigned buttons. Detailed information on the relevant parameter configurations is described in the table below.

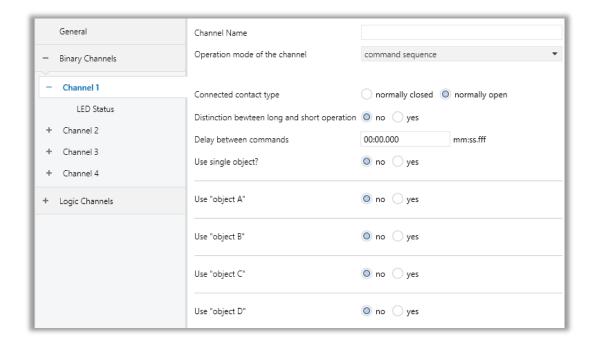


Fig. 12: Channel – Command Sequnce Page

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3.2.8.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Channel Name	This parameter is used to type a Channel Name. The name can be consisting of 40 characters.	40 bytes allowed
Operation Mode of the channel	This parameter is used to determine the input x operation mode. If no function is selected, the input x will not be used. For other choices, all functionalities are configured separately.	No function Switch sensor Switch/dimming sensor Shutter sensor Value/forced operation Control scene RGB colour control Mode selection Command sequence Counter RGBW control
Connected contact type	This parameter is used to specify the contact type that is connected to the Push Button Interface input x.	Normally closed Normally open
Distinction between short and long operation	This parameter is used to set if the input differentiates between short and long operations. With the option "yes", after opening/closing of the contact, it must, first of all, be ascertained if a short or long operation has occurred here. Only thereafter will a possible reaction be triggered.	No Yes
Delay between commands	This parameter is visible if there is a distinction between short and long operations. It is used to determine the short press operation sending the value of the input x.	00:00.000 00:20.000
-> Long operation after ^{*1}	This parameter is used to determine long operation detection after the button press operation. For making a long operation, the button should be pressed at least the configured value.	00:00.005 00:00.500 01:05.535
Use single object?	This parameter decides wheter each object is sent to a single object or to objects assigned to each command.	No Yes
-> Value Amount ^{*2}	This parameter is used to determine the debounce time. Debouncing prevents unwanted multiple operations of the input, e.g., due to bouncing of the contact.	2 3 4

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-> Data type ^{*2}	This parameter is used to determine the sending value to the bus when a short operation occurs.	1 bit 1 byte (0255) 1 byte (0100%) HVAC mode
-> Value 'X' ²	This parameter is used to the sending value to the bus when a short operation occurs.	Values depends on DPT selection.
-> Value 'X' for long operation'3	This parameter is used to the sending value to the bus when a long operation occurs.	Values depends on DPT selection.
Use "object X"	This parameter is used to enable each command object when they are set to yes.	No Yes
-> Data type ^{*4}	This parameter is used to determine the sending value to the bus when a short operation occurs.	1 bit 1 byte (0255) 1 byte (0100%) HVAC mode
-> Value 'X'*4	This parameter is used to the sending value to the bus when a short operation occurs.	Values depends on DPT selection.
-> Value 'X' for long operation'5	This parameter is used to the sending value to the bus when a long operation occurs.	Values depends on DPT selection.

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Distinction between long and short operation" is set to "Yes".

^{*2} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Use single object?" is set to "Yes".

^{*3} This parameter is only visible when the parameters "Use single object?" and "Distinction between long and short operation" are set to "Yes".

^{*4} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Use "object X"" is set to "Yes".

^{*5} This parameter is only visible when the parameters "Use "object X"" and "Distinction between long and short operation" are set to "Yes".



3.2.9. Channel - Counter

In this section, it is explained how to count input pulses on the Push Button Interface. Detailed information on the relevant parameter configurations is described in the table below.

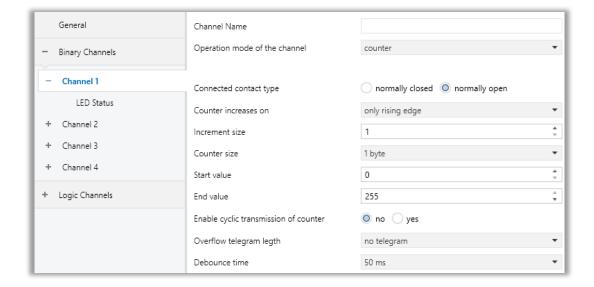


Fig. 13: Channel - Counter Page

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3.2.9.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Channel Name	This parameter is used to type a Channel Name. The name can be consisting of 40 characters.	40 bytes allowed
Operation Mode of the channel	This parameter is used to determine the input x operation mode. If no function is selected, the input x will not be used. For other choices, all functionalities are configured separately.	No function Switch sensor Switch/dimming sensor Shutter sensor Value/forced operation Control scene RGB colour control Mode selection Command sequence Counter RGBW control
Connected contact type	This parameter is used to specify the contact type that is connected to the input x.	Normally closed Normally open
Counter increases on	This parameter is used to set how the input pulse is to be generated.	Only rising edge Only falling edge Both edges
Increment size	This parameter is used to assign the increment size when a press event occurs.	1255
Counter size	This parameter is used to determine long operation detection after the button press operation. For making a long operation, the button should be pressed at least the configured value.	1 byte 2 byte 4 byte
Start Value	This parameter is used to set the initial value of the counter after a reset or a failure.	Values depends on DPT selection.
End Value	This parameter is used to set the end value of the counter.	Values depends on DPT selection.
Enable cyclic transmission of counter	This parameter is used to determine if the counter value is sent cyclically on the bus	No Yes
-> Repeated transmit cycle period*1	This parameter is used to determine the sending value to the bus when a short operation occurs.	00:00:00 00:00:30 18:12:15

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Overflow telegram length	This parameter is used to set the length of the overflow telegram which will be sent to bus when counter value exceeds the end value set in the parameter list.	No telegram 1bit 1 byte
-> Overflow telegram value ²	This parameter is used to determine the sending value to the bus when a short operation occurs.	Values depends on DPT selection.
Debounce time	This parameter is used to determine the debounce time. Debouncing prevents unwanted multiple operations of the input, e.g., due to bouncing of the contact.	10 ms 20 ms 30 ms 40 ms 50 ms 70 ms 100 ms

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Enable cyclic transmission of counter" is set to "Yes".

^{*2} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Overflow telegram length" is set to "1 bit" or "1 byte".

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3.2.10. Channel - RGBW control

In this section, it is explained how to control an RGBW device through the buttons connected to the digital inputs via the Push Button Interface. Detailed information on the relevant parameter configurations is described in the table below.

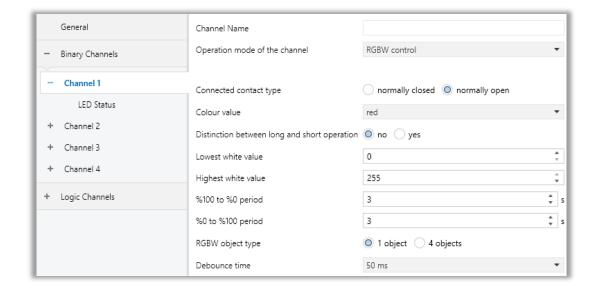


Fig. 14: Channel - RGBW Control Page

PM2303230188AEN



3.2.10.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Channel Name	This parameter is used to type a Channel Name. The name can be consisting of 40 characters.	40 bytes allowed
Operation Mode of the channel	This parameter is used to determine the input x operation mode. If no function is selected, the input x will not be used. For other choices, all functionalities are configured separately.	No function Switch sensor Switch/dimming sensor Shutter sensor Value/forced operation Control scene RGB colour control Mode selection Command sequence Counter RGBW control
Connected contact type	This parameter is used to specify the contact type that is connected to the input x.	Normally closed Normally open
Colour value	This parameter is used to set RGB colours according to the configured values.	Red Orange Yellow Green-yellow Green Green-cyan Cyan Blue-cyan Blue Blue-magenta Red-magenta white
Distinction between long and short operation	This parameter is used to enable or disable the colour changing with long press operation.	No Yes
-> Long operation after ^{⁺1}	This parameter is used to determine long operation detection after the button press operation. For making a long operation, the button should be pressed at least the configured value.	00:00.005 00:00.500 01:05.535
Lowest white value	This parameter is set to the lowest white value.	0 254

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Highest white value	This parameter is set to the highest white value.	1255
%100 to %0 period	This parameter is used to set how long it takes to go from 100% to 0%.	1s 3s 10s
%0 to %100 period	This parameter is used to set how long it takes to go from 0% to 100%.	1s 3s 10s
Object type	This parameter is used to determine the RGB colour object type.	1 object 4 objects
Debounce time	This parameter is used to determine the debounce time. Debouncing prevents unwanted multiple operations of the input, e.g., due to bouncing of the contact.	10 ms 20 ms 30 ms 40 ms 50 ms 70 ms 100 ms

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Distinction between long and short operation" is set to "Yes".



3.2.11. Channel - LED Status

In this section, it is explained how to control LED through the buttons connected to the digital inputs via the Push Button Interface. Detailed information on the relevant parameter configurations is described in the table below.

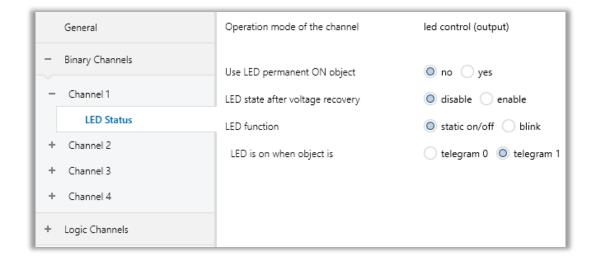


Fig. 15: Channel - LED Status



3.2.11.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Use LED permanent ON object	This parameter is used to enable LED permanently control object when they are set to yes.	No Yes
LED state after voltage recovery	This parameter is used to save LED state before bus failure and recover last saved LED state after voltage recovery.	Disable Enable
LED function	This parameter is used to set LED outputs' behaviour. Static on/off: When output set ON, output always be ON. Blink: When Output is On, It will cycle on and off periodically.	Static on/off Blink
-> LED is on when object is 1	This parameter is used to set output ON with which telegram	Telegram 0 Telegram 1
-> LED flashes when object is 2	This parameter is used to set output flash mode with which telegram.	Telegram 0 Telegram 1
-> Use custom blink interval ²	This parameter is used to set time to turn output ON and OFF periodically.	No Yes
-> LED on time ^{*3}	This parameter is used to set ON output time in periodic blink time.	0.1 s / 0.15 s / 0.2 s / 0.25 s / 0.3 s / 0.4 s / 0.5 s / 0.6 s / 0.7 s / 0.8 s / 0.9 s / 1 s / 1.2 s / 1.4 s / 1.5 s / 1.7 s / 2 s
-> LED off time*3	This parameter is used to set OFF output time in periodic blink time.	0.1 s / 0.15 s / 0.2 s / 0.25 s / 0.3 s / 0.4 s / 0.5 s / 0.6 s / 0.7 s / 0.8 s / 0.9 s / 1 s / 1.2 s / 1.4 s / 1.5 s / 1.7 s / 2 s

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "LED function" is set to "Static on/off".

^{*2} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "LED function" is set to "Blink".

^{*3} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Use custom blink interval" is set to "Yes".



3.3. Logic Channels

This section describes the logical function modules of the Interra Push Button Interface. With the logical function blocks on the Push Button Interface, a logical expression can be created with the ambient temperature, the brightness level of the environment, whether there is a presence detection in the environment, the data coming through the local digital inputs or external inputs, and various 'TRUE' or 'FALSE' results can be obtained. actions can be taken and scenarios can be triggered.

3.3.1. Logic Channels – General

This section describes the general parameters of the logical association module of the Interra Push Button Interface. Parameters must be configured separately for each logic block.

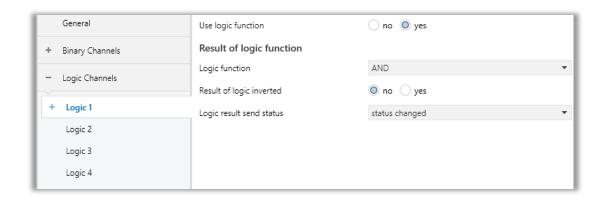


Fig. 16: Logic Functions - General Page





3.3.1.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Use Logic Function	This parameter is used to enable or disable the related logic function gate.	No Yes
Logic Function	This parameter is used to determine the logical relation of the parameterized logic inputs. AND: All inputs are put into the 'AND' operation. OR: All inputs are put into the 'OR' operation.	AND OR XOR
	XOR: All inputs are put into the 'XOR' operation.	
Result of Logic Inverted	This parameter is used to invert or not invert the calculated logic function block. If it is selected as yes for example, when the logic function gate output is 'TRUE', the output will be 'FALSE'. Vice versa also applies.	No Yes
Logic result send status	This parameter is used to determine the logic function block result sending status to the KNX bus.	Status changed Status is TRUE Status is FALSE Status changed and periodically Status is TRUE periodically Status is FALSE periodically
Result send status cycle time	The result send status cycle time describes the time used between two cyclically transmitted telegrams	1 5 255

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Logic result send status" is set to "Status changed and periodically" or "Status is TRUE periodically" or "Status is FALSE periodically".

3.3.2. Logic Functions - Internals Inputs

This section describes the input parameters of the logical association module of the Interra Push Button Interface.

Parameters must be configured separately for each logic block.

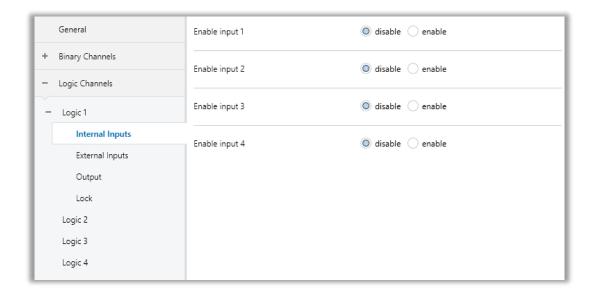


Fig. 17: Logic Functions - Internal Inputs Page

3.3.2.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Enable Input 18	This parameter is used to enable or disable input 18 for logic function block as input	Disable Enable
-> Contact Input Status ^{*1}	This parameter is used to determine when a press occurs on the local input is accounted as TRUE or FALSE.	Pressed TRUE else FALSE Pressed FALSE else TRUE

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Enable Input 1...8" is set to "Enable".



3.3.3. Logic Functions – Externals Inputs

This section describes the externals input parameters of the logical association module of the Push Button Interface. Parameters must be configured separately for each logic block.

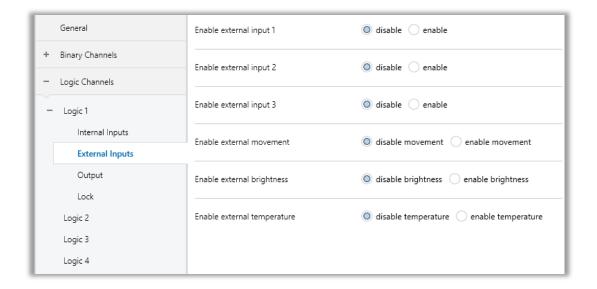


Fig. 18: Logic Functions - External Inputs Page



3.3.3.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Enable external input X	This parameter is used to enable or disable input 1 for logic function block as input	Disable Enable
-> External input type ^{*1}	This parameter is used to determine the external input type of the enabled input X object.	1-bit value('1'/'0') 1-byte threshold (0255) 2-byte threshold (065535) 2-byte float threshold (- 50C100C) 4-byte threshold (04294967295)
-> External input threshold value 2	This parameter is used to determine the external input threshold value to evaluate the input status as TRUE or FALSE.	0 255 0 65535 -50001000 04294967295
-> External input status ^{*1}	This parameter is used to determine the input status as TRUE or FALSE according to the value. (This is visible if the input is not selected as 1 bit)	TRUE if input value >= threshold else FALSE FALSE if input value <= threshold else TRUE
Enable Extarnal movement	This parameter is used to enable or disable input 1 for logic function block as input	Disable movement Enable movement
-> External movement input is set to TRUE when received*3	This parameter is used to determine when a press occurs on the local input is accounted as TRUE or FALSE.	Slave value '0' Slave value '1'
Enable External Brightness	This parameter is used to enable or disable input 2 for logic function block as input	Disable brightness Enable brightness
-> Threshold brightness lower*4	This parameter is used to determine the lower threshold brightness value.	1 100 1200
-> Threshold brightness upper ^{'4}	This parameter is used to determine the upper threshold brightness value.	1 300 1200



-> Brightness Status ^{*4}	This parameter is used to determine when the ambient brightness value is accounted as TRUE or FALSE.	In range is TRUE, else is FALSE Out range is TRUE, else is FALSE Under lower is TRUE, above upper is FALSE Under lower is FALSE, above upper is TRUE
-> Change brightness via bus ^{*4}	This parameter is used to determine when a press occurs on the local input is accounted as YES or NO.	No Yes
Enable External Temperature	This parameter is used to enable or disable input 2 for logic function block as input	Disable temperature Enable temperature
-> Threshold temperature ^{*5} lower	This parameter is used to determine the lower threshold temperature value.	-300 220 700°C
-> Threshold temperature upper 6	This parameter is used to determine the upper threshold temperature value.	-300 260 700°C
-> Temperature Status*5	This parameter is used to determine when the ambient temperature value is accounted as TRUE or FALSE.	In range is TRUE, else is FALSE Out range is TRUE, else is FALSE Under lower is TRUE, above upper is FALSE Under lower is FALSE, above upper is TRUE
-> Change temperature threshold via bus'5	This parameter is used to determine when a press occurs on the local input is accounted as YES or NO.	No Yes

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Enable external input X" is set to "Enable".

^{*2} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Enable external input X" is set to "1-byte threshold (0..255)" or "2-byte threshold (0..65535)" or "2-byte float threshold (-50C..100C)" or "4-byte threshold (0..4294967295)".

^{*3} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Enable Extarnal movement" is set to "Enable movement".

^{*4} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Enable external brightness" is set to "Enable brightness".

^{*5} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Enable external temperature" is set to "Enable temperature".



3.3.4. Logic Functions - Output General

This section describes the general parameters of the logic output functions. The property of each respective output channel is set by configuring the parameters in this section. Also, repetitive sending of output values can be set here.

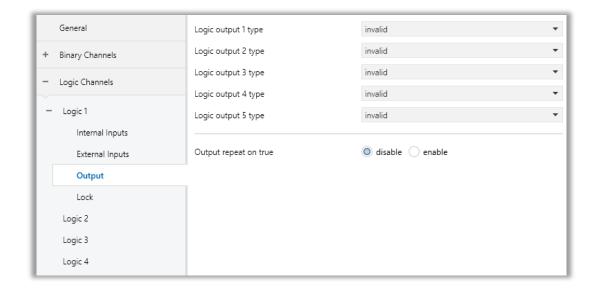


Fig. 19: Logic Functions - Output General Page





3.3.4.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Logic Output X type (15)	This parameter is used to specify the related logic output x channel functionality. If this parameter is selected as invalid, the related output channel will not be used. Other selected options will be configured separately.	Invalid Switch controller Dim controller Shutter controller Alarm controller Percentage control. Sequence control. Scene controller String controller Threshold controller
Output repeat on true	This parameter is used to enable or disable the output repeating time for all output channels when the logic gate state is true.	Disable Enable
-> Repeated time interval ^{*1}	This parameter is used to determine the repeated time for all enabled output channels to send output channel values when the logic gate state is true.	0 65535

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Output repeat on true" is set to "Enable".



3.3.5. Logic Functions - Outputs 1-5

This section describes parameter configurations for each logic output channel. Although the working principle is the same for all output channels, only the type of values to be sent changes depending on the selected output functionality. For this reason, parameters are described in a common table about only one feature.

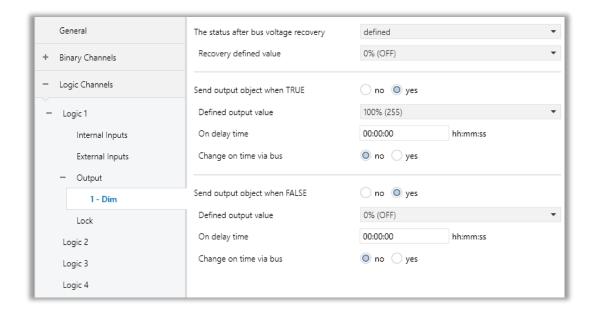


Fig. 20: Logic Functions – Output: Dimming



3.3.5.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
The status after bus voltage recovery	This parameter is used to determine the logic output channel x status after bus voltage recovery.	Invalid Defined Recovery
-> Recovery Defined Value ^{*1}	This parameter is used to determine the output channel x value when the bus voltage has been recovered.	ONOFF %0%100 UpDown No alarmalarm Stopstart Scene no.1scene no.64 14 bytes string 065535
Send output object when TRUE	This parameter is used to enable or disable the sending output object when the logic gate is true.	No Yes
-> Defined Output Value ^{*2}	This parameter is used to determine the logic output channel x defined value when the logic gate is true.	ONOFF %0%100 UpDown No alarmalarm Stopstart Scene no.1scene no64 14 bytes string 065535
-> On Delay Time ^{*2}	This parameter is used to determine the on-delay time of the related logic output channel x when the logic gate is true.	00:00:00 18:12:15
-> Change on Time Via Bus ²	This parameter is used to enable or disable the on- delay time object for changing the delay time on the true state.	No Yes
Send output object when FALSE	This parameter is used to enable or disable the sending output object when the logic gate is false.	No Yes
-> Defined Output Value ^{*3}	This parameter is used to determine the logic output channel x defined value when the logic gate is false.	OnOff %0%100 UpDown No alarmalarm

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		Stopstart Scene no. 1 scene no64 14 bytes string 065535
-> On Delay Time	This parameter is used to determine the on-delay time of the related logic output channel x when the logic gate is false.	00:00:00 18:12:15
-> Change on Time Via Bus	This parameter is used to enable or disable the on- delay time object for changing the delay time on the false state.	No Yes

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "The status after bus voltage recovery" is set to "Defined".

^{*2} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Send output value when TRUE" is set to "Yes".

^{*3} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Send output value when FALSE" is set to "Yes".



3.3.6. Logic Functions - Lock

In this section, the locking feature of the logic functions is mentioned. The locking feature is for each logic function gate and is configured separately. Since there are 5 different logic function gates in the Push Button Interface device, a separate configuration is required for each. Since the parameter page for each section is the same, only 1 is explained in this section.

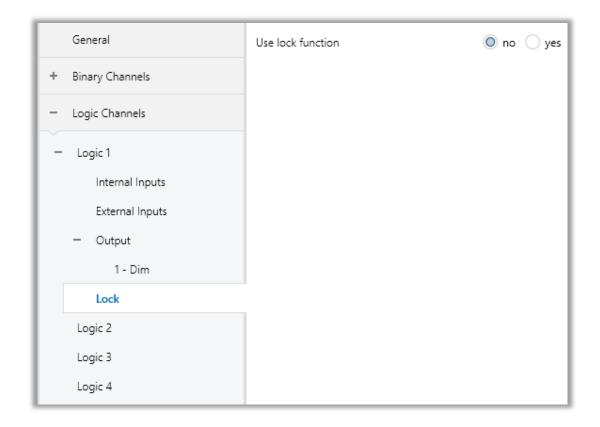


Fig. 21: Logic Functions – Lock





3.3.6.1. Parameters List

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
Use lock function	This parameter is used to lock the related logic function gate.	No Yes
-> Telegram for lock activation ^{*1}	This parameter is used to determine the telegram value that locks the related logic function gate.	ON telegram OFF telegram
-> Automatic unlock after delay ¹¹	This parameter is used to enable or disable the automatic unlock to unlock the logic gate after a while.	No Yes
-> Automatic unlock time*2	This parameter is used to determine the automatically unlock period to unlock the logic function gate.	00:00:00 00:00:05 18:12:15
-> Feedback of logic function lock status ¹	This parameter is used to enable or disable the feedback of the logic lock status object.	No Yes
-> After bus voltage recovery*1	This parameter is used to determine the logic function gate lock status after the bus voltage recovery.	Lock Passive Lock Active

^{*1} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Use lock function" is set to "Yes".

^{*2} This parameter is only visible when the parameter "Automatic unlock after delay" is set to "Yes".



4.ETS Objects List & Descriptions

The Interra Push Button Interface can communicate via the KNX bus line. In this section, the group objects of the Push Button Interface is described. All of the communication objects listed below are available to the Push Button Interface. Which of these group objects are visible and capable of being linked with group addresses are explained in sub-sections.

N.	N	P	DTP		Fla	ags			
No	Name	Function	Туре	Length	С	R	w	Т	U
1	General	In operation	1.002	1 bit	Х			Х	
2	Input x	Block	1.003	1 bit	Х		Х		
	Input x: Switch function II Switch/Dim function	Switch	1.001	1 bit	X		X	Χ	
	Input x: Shutter function	Shutter UP/DOWN	1.008	1 bit	X		X	Χ	
		Forced operation	2.001	2 bit	X			Χ	
		Percent value	5.001	1 byte	Х			Χ	
		Decimal value	5.005	1 byte	Х			Χ	
	Input x: Value/Forced op.	Scene number	17.001	1 byte	Х			Χ	
		Colour Temperature	7.600	2 bytes	Х			Χ	
		Temperature value	9.001	2 bytes	Х			Χ	
		Brightness value	9.004	2 bytes	Х			Х	
		Percent value (RGB)	232.600	3 bytes	Х			Χ	
	Input x: Control Scene	8-bit Scene	18.001	1 byte	X			Χ	
	lament on DOD control	RGB Colour	232.600	3 bytes	X	Χ		Χ	
	Input x: RGB control	Red Colour	5.010	1 byte	X	Χ		Χ	
3	Input x: Mode Selection	Mode Selection	20.102	1 byte	X	Χ		Χ	
		Sequence – 1 bit	1.001	1 bit	X	Χ		Χ	
		Sequence – 1 byte	5.001	1 byte	X	Χ		Χ	
	Input x: Command Sequence		5.010	1 byte	X	Χ		Χ	
			20.102	1 byte	X	Χ		Χ	
		Sequence A – 1 bit	1.001	1 bit	X	Χ		Χ	
			5.001	1 byte	X	Χ		Χ	
		Sequence A – 1 bye	5.010	1 byte	X	Χ		Χ	
			20.102	1 byte	X	Χ		Χ	
		Counter Value – 1 byte	5.010	1 byte	X	Χ		Χ	
	Input x: Counter	Counter Value – 2 bytes	7.001	2 bytes	X	Χ		Х	
		Counter Value – 4 bytes	12.001	4 bytes	X	Χ		Χ	
	Input v: DGRW control	Percent Value (RGBW)	251.600	6 bytes	X			Χ	
	Input x: RGBW control	Red colour	5.010	1 byte	X	Χ		Χ	
	Input x: LED control	LED	1.001	1 bit	X		x	Χ	

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						Pro	oduc	et ivia	ınual
	Input x: Switch function	Switch - long	1.001	1 bit	X			Х	
	Input x: Switch/Dim function	Dimming	3.007	4 bit	X			Χ	
	Input x: Shutter function	STOP/lamella adjustment	1.007	1 bit	Х			Χ	
		Forced operation – long	2.001	2 bit	X			Χ	
		Percent value – long	5.001	1 byte	X			Χ	
		Decimal value - long	5.005	1 byte	X			Χ	
	lanut w Value/Fareed on	Scene number – long	17.001	1 bytes	X			Χ	
	Input x: Value/Forced op.	Colour Temperature - long	7.600	2 bytes	X			Χ	
		Temperature value – long	9.001	2 bytes	X			Χ	
		Brightness value – long	9.004	2 bytes	X			Χ	
4		Percent value (RGB) - long	232.600	3 bytes	X			Χ	
-	Input x: Control Scene	Store scene	1.003	1 bit	X	Χ	X		
	Input x: RGB control	Green colour	5.010	1 byte	x			Χ	
	Input x: Mode Selection	HVAC-Mode State	20.102	1 byte	Х		Х		
		Sequence B – 1 bit	1.001	1 bit	Х	Х		Х	
			5.001	1 byte	Х	Х		Χ	
	Input x: Command Sequence	Sequence B – 1 byte	5.010	1 byte	Х	Х		Х	
			20.102	1 byte	X	Х		Х	
	Input x: Counter	Reset Counter	1.001	1 bit	Х	Х	Х	Х	
	Input x: RGBW control	Green colour	5.010	1 byte	X			X	
		LED permanent ON		-	X		X	X	
	Input x: LED control		1.003	1 bit				^	
	Input x: Shutter function	Upper limit position	1.002	1 bit	X		X	V	
	Input x: RGB control	Blue colour	5.010	1 byte				X	
		Sequence C – 1 bit	1.001	1 bit	X	X		X	
_	Input x: Command Sequence	Sequence C – 1 byte	5.001	1 byte	X	X		X	
5			5.010 20.102	1 byte		X			
		Overflow – 1 bit	1.001	1 byte	X	X	Х	X	
	Input x: Counter			1 bit	X	X	X	X	
	Input x: RGBW control	Overflow – 1 byte Blue colour	5.010 5.010	1 byte 1 byte	X	^	^	X	
	Input x: Shutter function	Lower limit operation	1.002	1 bit	X		X	^	
	input x. Shutter function	Sequence D – 1 bit	1.002	1 bit	X	X	^	X	
		Sequence D = 1 bit	5.001		X	X		X	
6	Input x: Command Sequence	Sequence D – 1 byte	5.001	1 byte 1 byte	X	X		X	
		Sequence D - 1 byte	20.102	1 byte	X	X		X	
	Input x: RGBW control	White colour	5.010	1 byte	X	X		X	
	IIIput X. nabyy control	vville coloul	3.010	i byte	^	^		^	
42	Logic v:	Lock	1.003	1 bit	X		Х		
	Logic x:						^	Х	
43	Logic x: Input	Lock Feedback	1.003	1 bit	X	X	V	X	
44	Logic x: Input	External movement	1.001	1 bit			X		X
45	Logic x: Input	External brightness	9.004	2 bytes	X		X	Х	X

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46 Logic x: Input
A8
Logic x: Input Lower temperature threshold 9.001 2 bytes X X X X X X X X X
So Logic x: Input Upper temperature threshold 9.001 2 bytes X X X X X X X X X
External input 1 - 1 bit 1.001 1 bit X X X
External input 1 - 1 byte 5.010 1 byte X X X X X X X X X
External input 1 - 2 bytes 7.001 2 bytes X X X
External input 1 - 2 bytes 9.001 2 bytes X X X
External input 1 - 2 bytes (float threshold) 9.001 2 bytes X X X X X X X X X
External input 2 - 1 bit 1.001 1 bit X X X
External input 2 - 1 byte 5.010 1 byte X X X
External input 2 - 2 bytes 7.001 2 bytes X X X
External input 2 - 2 bytes 9.001 2 bytes X X X
External input 2 - 2 bytes 9.001 2 bytes X X X External input 2 - 4 bytes 12.001 4 bytes X X X External input 3 - 1 bit 1.001 1 byte X X X External input 3 - 1 byte 5.010 1 byte X X X External input 3 - 2 bytes 7.001 2 bytes X X X External input 3 - 2 bytes 7.001 2 bytes X X X External input 3 - 2 bytes 9.001 2 bytes X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 12.001 4 bytes X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 12.001 4 bytes X X X Switching 1.001 1 bit X X X Switching 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 4 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X X External input 3 - 2 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X External input 3 - 2 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X External input 3 - 2 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X External input 3 - 2 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X External input 3 - 2 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X External input 3 - 2 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X External input 3 - 2 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X External input 3 - 2 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X External input 3 - 2 bytes 1.001 1 bit X X External input 3 - 2 bytes 1.001 1 bit X External input 3 - 2 bytes 1.001 1 bit X External input 3 - 2 bytes 1.001 1 bit X
External input 3 – 1 bit 1.001 1 byte X X X External input 3 – 1 byte 5.010 1 byte X X X External input 3 – 2 bytes 7.001 2 bytes X X X External input 3 – 2 bytes 9.001 2 bytes X X X External input 3 – 2 bytes (float threshold) External input 3 – 4 bytes 12.001 4 bytes X X X 54 Logic x: Output Result 1.002 1 bit X X X Switching 1.001 1 bit X X X
External input 3 – 1 byte 5.010 1 byte X X X External input 3 – 2 bytes 7.001 2 bytes X X X X External input 3 – 2 bytes 9.001 2 bytes X X X X X (float threshold) External input 3 – 4 bytes 12.001 4 bytes X X X X X 54 Logic x: Output Result 1.002 1 bit X X X X Switching 1.001 1 bit X X X X
External input 3 - 2 bytes 7.001 2 bytes X X X X X X X X X
External input 3 - 2 bytes 9.001 2 bytes X X X X X X X X X
External input 3 - 2 bytes 9.001 2 bytes X X X X X X X X X
54 Logic x: Output Result 1.002 1 bit X X X Switching 1.001 1 bit X X X
Switching 1.001 1 bit X X X
Absolute dimming 5.001 1 byte X X X
Shutter 1.008 1 bit X X X
Alarm 1.005 1 bit X X X
55 Logic x: Output y: Percentage 5.004 1 byte X X X
Sequence 1.010 1 bit X X X
Scene 5.004 1 byte X X X
String 16.000 14 bytes X X
Threshold 7.001 2 bytes X X X
56 Logic x: Output y: Delay time on TRUE state 7.005 2 bytes X X X
57 Logic x: Output y: Delay time on FALSE state 7.005 2 bytes X X



4.1. General Objects

This section describes the "general" group objects and their properties. General group objects, as the name suggests, indicate the general characteristics of the Push Button Interface.

Object Number	Object Name	Function	Туре	Flags
1	General	In operation	1 bit	СТ

This object is used to monitor the presence of the device on the KNX bus line regularly. However, monitoring telegrams can be sent cyclically on the KNX bus line.

DPT: 1.002 (boolean)



4.2. Inputs

This section contains information about KNX objects and their properties related to the input channels. The types, flags and properties of the objects are explained in detail below. There are 12 digital inputs and 2 analog inputs channels with the same functionality and an additional probe channel. In this section, digital and analog inputs objects are described only for one channel due to the identical.

Object Number	Object Name	Function	Туре	Flags
2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, 32, 37	Input x	Block	1 bit	CW

This object is used to lock the universal interface channel. It becomes visible when the "use universal interface lock" parameter is set to yes. Depending on the parameter setting, when an ON or OFF telegram is sent to this object, the corresponding presence channel is locked.

For example, when "ON telegram" is selected in the parameter page for locking, it will be locked when an ON telegram is received from the KNX bus line, and when an OFF telegram is received, the universal interface channel will be unlocked. Depending on the parameter configuration, an output value can also be sent when the locking operation is performed.

DPT: 1.003 (enable)

3,	8,	13,	18,	Input x:	Switch	1 bit	CWT
23,	28,	33,	38	Switch			
				function			

This communication object changes in functionality depending on the selected input function. In accordance with the parameter setting, this communication object can be switched by actuation of the input to ON, OFF or TOGGLE.

DPT: 1.001 (switch)

4,	9,	14,	19,	Input x:	Switch	1 bit	СТ
24,	29,	34,	39	Switch			
				function-long			

This communication object changes in functionality depending on the selected input function In accordance with the parameter setting, this communication object can be switched by actuation of the input to ON, OFF or TOGGLE.

DPT: 1.001 (switch)



_	_			
Ρı	rodi	uct	Mai	nual

4,	9,	14,	19,	Input x:	Dimming	4 bit	CWT
24,	29,	34,	39	Switch/Dim			
				function			

This communication object changes in functionality depending on the selected input function. In accordance with the parameter setting, A long operation at the input has the effect that BRIGHTER or DARKER dim telegrams are sent via this communication object on the bus. A STOP telegram is sent and the cyclic sending of dim telegrams is stopped at the end of the actuation with START-STOP-DIMMING.

DPT: 3.007 (dimming control)

3,	8,	13,	18,	Input x:	Shutter UP/DOWN	1 bit	CWT
23,	28,	33,	38	Shutter			
				function			

This communication object changes in functionality depending on the selected input function. This communication object sends a shutter motion telegram UP or DOWN on the bus. By receiving telegrams, the device also recognises movement telegrams of another sensor, e.g. parallel operation.

DPT: 1.008 (up/down)

4,	9,	14,	19,	Input x:	STOP/lamella adjustment	1 bit	СТ
24,	29,	34,	39	Shutter			
				function			

This communication object changes in functionality depending on the selected input function. This communication object sends a STOP telegram or slat adjustment.

DPT: 1.007 (step)

5, 10, 15, 20,	Input x:	Upper limit operation	1 bit	CW
25, 30, 35, 40	Shutter			
	function			

This communication object changes in functionality depending on the selected input function. According to the input configuration on the ETS parameter page, the object usage changes. If the shutter function is selected, '0' is no upper limit operation, '1' upper-end operation.

DPT: 1.002 (boolean)

6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, 36, 41	Input x: Shutter	Lower limit operation	1 bit	CW
20, 31, 30, 41	function			

This object is used for the shutter actuator indicates if it is in the lower limit position ("shutter/blind closed").

The object is intended for a 1-button operation. '0' is no lower limit operation, '1' lower end operation.



DPT: 1.002 (boolean)

3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, 33, 38	I -	Forced operation / Percent value / Decimal Value / Scene number / Colour		СТ
	Forced function	Temperature / Temperature value / Brightness value / Percent value (RGB)	2 bytes/ 3 bytes	

This communication object changes in functionality depending on the selected input function. This communication object sends a value on the bus with short operation when opening or closing of the contact. Depending on the configuration, the data type of this object changes. forced, percent value, decimal value, Scene number, temperature value, brightness value and percent value (RGB) can be performed on this object.

DPT: According to parameter selection

3,	8,	13,	18,	Input x:	8-bit Scene	1 byte	СТ
23,	28,	33,	38	Control			
				Scene			

This communication object stores the value of the active scene number (1 - 64).

DPT: 18.001 (scene control)

4,	9,	14,	19,	Input x:	Store Scene	1 bit	CRT
24,	29,	34,	39	Control			
				Scene			

This communication object, when active, decides wheter to call or store the preset 8-bit scene number in the parameter list. When the store scene object is enabled the preset scene number is stored, but, when disabled preset scene number is called to be active.

DPT: 1.003 (enable)

3,	8,	13,	18,	Input x:	Red colour / RGB colour	1 byte /	CRT
23,	28,	33,	38	RGB control		3 bytes	

This object either keeps the 1-Byte Red value of the RGB, or keeps the entire 3-Byte RGB value. Decision is made in the parameter list as either "1 object of 3 bytes" or 3 objects of 1 byte".

DPT: 5.010 (counter pulses (0..255)) / 232.600 (RGB value 3x(0..255))

4, 9,	14,	19,	Input x:	Green colour	1 byte	СТ
24, 29	, 34,	39	RGB control			

This object keeps the 1-Byte green value of RGB if "3 objects of 1 Byte" option is selected in the parameter list.



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DPT: 5.010 (counter pulses (0..255))

5, 10,	15,	20,	Input x:	Blue colour	1 byte	СТ
25, 30,	35,	40	RGB control			

This object keeps the 1-Byte blue value of RGB if "3 objects of 1 Byte" option is selected in the parameter list.

DPT: 5.010 (counter pulses (0..255))

3,	8,	13,	18,	Input x:	Mode Selection	1 byte	CRT
23,	28,	33,	38	Mode			
				Selection			

This object keeps the active HVAC state that can be toggled through press events.

Note: There can be up to 4 differenet HVAC state (comfort, standby, economy, building protection) selected and each press event toggles through the HVAC states that are set as available in the parameter list.

DPT: 20.102 (HVAC mode)

4,	9,	14,	19,	Input x:	HVAC-Mode State	1 byte	CW
24,	29,	34,	39	Mode			
				Selection			

This object takes the HVAC state changed via the bus.

Note: Whenever this object is updated from the bus, the HVAC state that this object holds will be considered as the valid HVAC state and press events will act as if the last HVAC state is what this object is updated with.

DPT: 20.102 (HVAC mode)

3,	8,	13,	18,	Input x:	Sequence	1 bit /	CRT
23,	28,	33,	38	Command		1 byte	
				Sequence			

This object keeps the current command that can be toggled through press events. Used for "Single Object" parameter selection.

Note: Each state (State A, B, C, D) holds a different value with adjustable data length. Each press event puts the next available state's data to the "Sequence" object.

DPT: According to parameter selection

3, 8, 13, 18,	Input x:	Sequence X	1 bit /	CRT
23, 28, 33, 38	Command		1 byte	
/ 4, 9, 14, 19,	Sequence			
24, 29, 34, 39				
/ 5, 10, 15, 20,				
25, 30, 35, 40				



11, 16, 21,		
, 31, 36, 41		

This object keeps the current command that can be toggled through press events. Used for "Multiple Object" parameter selection.

Note: Each object (Object A, B, C, D) holds a different value with adjustable data length. Each press event puts the next available state's data to the "Sequence X" object and whichever object is holds the current state is sent to bus with its data.

DPT: According to parameter selection

		Input x: Counter	Counter Value	1 byte / 2 bytes/	CRT
				4 bytes	

This object keeps the current value of the press counter.

DPT: According to parameter selection

4, 9	9,	14,	19,	Input x:	Reset Counter	1 bit	CRWT
24, 2	29,	34,	39	Counter			

This object is used to reset the counter value to preset start value that can be set from parameter list.

DPT: 1.001 (switch)

5, 10, 15, 20,	Input x:	Overflow Value	1 bit /	CRWT
25, 30, 35, 40	Counter		1 byte	

This object is sent to bus with the preset value from the parameter list when the counter value exceeds the preset end value of the counter.

DPT: 1.001 (switch) / 5.010 (counter pulses (0..255))

3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, 33, 38	-	Red colour / Percent Value (RGBW)	1 byte / 6 bytes	CRT
	control			

If the "object type" is set to "1 object", this object keeps the 6-Byte RGBW value, but, if the "object type" is set to "4 objects", this object keeps the 1-Byte Red value of the RGBW.

DPT: 5.010 (counter pulses (0..255)) / 251.600 (counter pulses 3x(0..255))

4,	9,	14,	19,	Input x:	Green colour	1 byte	СТ
24,	29,	34,	39	RGBW			
				control			



If the "object type" is set to "4 objects", this object keeps the 1-Byte Green value of the RGBW.

DPT: 5.010 (counter pulses (0..255))

5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40	Input x: RGBW	Blue colour	1 byte	СТ
	control			

If the "object type" is set to "4 objects", this object keeps the 1-Byte Blue value of the RGBW.

DPT: 5.010 (counter pulses (0..255))

6, 11, 16, 21,	Input x:	White colour	1 byte	СТ
26, 31, 36, 41	RGBW			
	control			

If the "object type" is set to "4 objects", this object keeps the 1-Byte White value of the RGBW.

Note: White value is the colour temperature.

DPT: 5.010 (counter pulses (0..255))

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4.3. Logic Function

This section contains information about KNX objects and their properties related to the logic function channels. The types, flags and properties of the objects are explained in detail below. There are 4 identical logic channels in the Push Button Interface, so only one logical channel is described here. The x values can be between 1...4 and y values also can be 1...5. Please do not forget to take this into account.

Object Number	Object Name	Function	Туре	Flags
42	Logic x:	Lock	1 bit	cw

This object is used to lock the related logic channel x. It becomes visible when the "use logic lock" parameter is set to yes. Depending on the parameter setting, when an ON or OFF telegram is sent to this object, the corresponding logical channel is locked.

For example, when "ON telegram" is selected in the parameter page for locking, it will be locked when an ON telegram is received from the KNX bus line, and when an OFF telegram is received, the logic channel will be unlocked.

DPT: 1.003 (enable)

43 Logic x: Lock Feedback 1 bit CRT	43	Logic x:	Lock Feedback	1 bit	CRT
-------------------------------------	----	----------	---------------	-------	-----

This object is used to send feedback on the lock status for the related logic channel x. It becomes visible when the "use logic lock" parameter is set to yes.

If a status change occurs on the lock function, the changed statue value will be sent from this object.

DPT: 1.003 (enable)

44, 72, 100, 128	Logic x: Input	External movement	1 bit	CWTU
------------------	----------------	-------------------	-------	------

This object is used to receive movement information from the KNX bus line. According to the ETS parameter configuration, the '0' or '1' value is accounted as there is a movement detection occurs.

DPT: 1.001 (switch)

45, 73, 101, 129	Logic x: Input	External brightness	2 bytes	CWTU
	_	_	_	

This object is used to obtain a brightness value from the KNX bus line. The received brightness value will be used to evaluate the input status according to the brightness thresholds.

DPT: 9.004 (lux (Lux))

46, 74, 102, 130 Logic x: Input	Lower brightness threshold	2 bytes	сwти
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This object is used to receive the brightness threshold lower value from the KNX bus line. The value read on this object is will be used as a new brightness threshold lower value. This object becomes visible when the "Change brightness threshold via bus" parameter is set to yes

Note: The values which can be sent are between **1-1200** lux. If a value that is too small or too large is sent, the value is automatically adjusted to the limit value.

DPT: 9.004 (lux (Lux))

47, 75, 103, 131	Logic x: Input	Upper brightness threshold	2 bytes	сwти
				1

This object is used to receive the brightness threshold upper value from the KNX bus line. The value read on this object is will be used as a new brightness threshold upper value. This object becomes visible when the "Change brightness threshold via bus" parameter is set to yes

Note: The values which can be sent are between **1-1200** lux. If a value that is too small or too large is sent, the value is automatically adjusted to the limit value.

DPT: 9.004 (lux (Lux))

48, 76, 104, 132	Logic x: Input	External temperature	2 bytes	CWTU
------------------	----------------	----------------------	---------	------

This object is used to obtain temperature values from the KNX bus line. The received temperature value will be used to evaluate the input status according to the temperature thresholds.

DPT: 9.001 (temperature (°C))

49, 77, 105, 133	Logic x: Input	Lower temperature threshold	2 bytes	CWTU

This object is used to receive the temperature threshold lower value from the KNX bus line. The value read on this object is will be used as a new temperature threshold lower value. This object becomes visible when the "Change temperature via bus" parameter is set to yes

Note: The values which can be sent are between **-30** °C **- 70** °C. If a value that is too small or too large is sent, the value is automatically adjusted to the limit value.

DPT: 9.001 (temperature (°C))

50, 78, 106, 134	Logic x: Input	Upper temperature threshold	2 bytes	сwти
------------------	----------------	-----------------------------	---------	------

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This object is used to receive the temperature threshold upper value from the KNX bus line. The value read on this object is will be used as a new temperature threshold upper value. This object becomes visible when the "Change temperature via bus" parameter is set to yes

Note: The values which can be sent are between **-30** °C **- 70** °C. If a value that is too small or too large is sent, the value is automatically adjusted to the limit value.

DPT: 9.001 (temperature (°C))

51, 79, 107, 135	Logic x: Input	External input-1	1 bit /	CWTU
			1 byte /	
			2 bytes/	
			4 bytes	

This object is used to obtain external input 1 information from the KNX bus line. According to the ETS parameter configuration, the received values are accounted as TRUE or FALSE for this external input. For 1-bit configuration, there is only '1' or '0' values for calculating the input status. But for other inputs (such as 1 byte, etc.) the received value is compared to the external input value parameter.

DPT: According to parameter selection, DPT changes.

52, 80, 108, 136	Logic x: Input	External input-2	1 bit /	CWTU
			1 byte /	
			2 bytes/	
			4 bytes	

This object is used to obtain external input 2 information from the KNX bus line. According to the ETS parameter configuration, the received values are accounted as TRUE or FALSE for this external input. For 1-bit configuration, there is only '1' or '0' values for calculating the input status. But for other inputs (such as 1 byte, etc.) the received value is compared to the external input value parameter.

DPT: According to parameter selection, DPT changes.

53, 81, 109, 137	Logic x: Input	External input-3	1 bit /	CWTU
			1 byte /	
			2 bytes/	
			4 bytes	

This object is used to obtain external input 3 information from the KNX bus line. According to the ETS parameter configuration, the received values are accounted as TRUE or FALSE for this external input. For 1-bit configuration, there is only '1' or '0' values for calculating the input status. But for other inputs (such as 1 byte, etc.) the received value is compared to the external input value parameter.

DPT: According to parameter selection, DPT changes.



54, 82, 110, 138	Logic x:	Result	1 bit	CRT
	Output			

This object is used to send the related logic function block's result status to the KNX bus line. According to the ETS parameter configuration, this value can be sent periodically, on change or only configured value(TRUE or FALSE).

DPT: 1.002

55, 58, 61, 64, 67/ 83, 86, 89, 92, 95/	Logic x: Output: y	Switching Threshold	1 bit / 1 byte /	CRT
111, 114, 117,	Output: y		2 bytes/	
120, 123/ 139, 142, 145, 148,			14 bytes	
151				

This object is used to send the related output object's value to the KNX bus line. When the logic function block's status changes, the sending value also can be configured separately. In addition, according to the output type, the object's value type will be changed.

DPT: According to parameter selection

56, 59, 62, 65, 68/	Logic x:	Delay time on the TRUE state	2 bytes	CWTU
84, 87, 90, 93, 96/	Output: y			
112, 115, 118,				
121, 124/ 140,				
143, 146, 149,				
152				

This object is used to receive the 'delay time on TRUE state' value from the KNX bus line. When a new value is received from this object, the received value is used as the output on delay time for the TRUE state value. The configured parameter value will not be used anymore. This object becomes visible when the "Change on time via bus" parameter is set to yes

DPT: 7.005 (time (s))

57, 60, 63, 66, 69/ 85, 88, 91, 94, 97/	Logic x: Output: y	Delay time on the FALSE state	2 bytes	CWTU
113, 116, 119, 122, 125/ 141, 144, 147, 150,	- •			
153				

This object is used to receive the 'delay time on FALSE state' value from the KNX bus line. When a new value is received from this object, the received value is used as the output on delay time for the FALSE state value.



The configured parameter value will not be used anymore. This object becomes visible when the "Change on time via bus" parameter is set to yes

DPT: 7.005 (time (s))



CONTACT INFORMATION

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Cumhuriyet mah. Kartal cad. Interra R&D Center No:95/1 Kartal/İstanbul

Tel: +90 (216) 326 26 40 Fax: +90 (216) 324 25 03 Web adress: http://www.interratechnology.com